



Remember $1000\text{ml} = 1 \text{ litre}$
 $1 \text{ litre} = 1000\text{ml}$

1. If David drinks a litre of water in one day, how much will he drink in a week? _____

2. Jill has to take 5mls of medicine three times a day.

How much will she take in a day? _____

How much will she take in 4 days? _____

3. If one bucket holds $1\frac{1}{2}$ litres of water how many will 5 buckets hold? _____

4. If a cup holds 250ml, how many cups would it take to fill a litre bottle? _____

Capacity problems 2

Name _____



Remember $1000\text{ml} = 1\text{ litre}$
 $1\text{ litre} = 1000\text{ml}$

1. If David drinks 2 litres of water in one day, how much will he drink in a week?

2. Jill has to take 5mls of medicine four times a day.

How much will she take in a day? _____

How much will she take in 6 days? _____

3. If one bucket holds $1\frac{1}{2}$ litres of water how many will 7 buckets hold? _____

4. If a cup holds 250ml, how many cups would it take to fill 2 litre bottle? _____

**Show how you worked out your answers on the back.

Capacity problems 3

Name _____

Remember $1000\text{ml} = 1 \text{ litre}$
 $1 \text{ litre} = 1000\text{ml}$



1. If Sarah drinks $2\frac{1}{2}$ litres of water in one day, how much will she drink in 5 days?

2. Jill has to take 10mls of medicine three times a day.

How much will she take in a day? _____

How much will she take in 7 days? _____

3. If one bucket holds $5\frac{1}{2}$ litres of water how many will 8 buckets hold? _____

4. If a cup holds 200ml, how many cups would it take to fill a 5 litre bottle? _____

**Underline the most important words in each question that will help you reach an accurate answer then show how you worked out your answers on the back.