Masculine and Feminine words. Looking at gender.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Masculine</th>
<th>Feminine</th>
<th>Masculine or Feminine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>man</td>
<td>woman</td>
<td>baby</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Task One
Look at this list of nouns.
Boy uncle cousin son child
Mother daughter aunt person girl
Father toddler grandfather grandmother
Grandchild

You must write the nouns in your books under the correct heading.
Masculine Feminine Masculine or Feminine

Task Two
Certain animals have different names depending on whether they are male (masculine) or female (feminine). An example of this is fox (male) and vixen (female).
Look at this list of animals.
Peacock cow drake sow
Stallion bitch billy boar
Goose duck bull doe
Deer nanny peahen gander
Buck mare dog stag
You must use a dictionary and your own knowledge to put these animals under the following headings.
Male (masculine) Female (feminine)
Task Three

Titles of people are often separated into masculine and feminine titles. Some are neutral titles; they can refer to a man or a woman.

For example, chairman (masc.)
- Chairwoman (fem.)
- Chairperson (neutral)

Look at this list of titles.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nurse</th>
<th>headmistress</th>
<th>baroness</th>
<th>lord</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police officer</td>
<td>queen</td>
<td>duke</td>
<td>lady</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headmaster</td>
<td>duchess</td>
<td>doctor</td>
<td>baron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prince</td>
<td>king</td>
<td>policeman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headteacher</td>
<td>princess</td>
<td>policewoman</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

List the titles under these headings.

Masculine   Feminine   Neutral

Extension

Change the masculine nouns in these sentences into feminine nouns.

1. My father has two sons.
2. The twin babies are brothers.
3. A king's son is a prince.
4. The boy helped the old man across the road.
5. Grandfather Jones is my uncle's father.