

Multiplying 2-digit numbers

Example:

$$27 \times 3$$

Break up the big number to make it easier. $27 = 20 + 7$. So, $27 \times 3 =$

$$\begin{aligned} & (20 \times 3) + (7 \times 3) \\ = & 60 + 21 = 81 \end{aligned}$$

Now use the same method to work these out:

1) 19×2

2) 29×2

3) 24×3

4) 18×3

5) 17×5

6) 31×2

7) 13×4

8) 14×5

9) 26×2

10) 23×3

11) 39×2

12) 15×5

13) 48×2

14) 16×3

15) 36×2

16) 35×3

17) 22×5

18) 25×4